

Rupert County Environmental Commission (RCEC)

AIR QUALITY REPORT

The RCEC conducted its annual air quality tests between May 27 and June 2. We concluded that **air pollution** has increased significantly in the last year. Rising populations and industrial activity most likely caused the higher levels of **primary pollutants**. This led to an increase in **volatile organic compounds** and other **secondary pollutants**. Residents may notice increased lung and throat irritation from **particulates** in the air. The following chart shows changes in pollutant levels:

Carbon Oxides

Carbon Monoxide (CO) + 0.5%	The small elevation is not likely to cause significant increases in lung disease.
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂) + 5.6%	Emissions are rising quickly. This rise is in line with worldwide increases.

Nitrogen Oxides

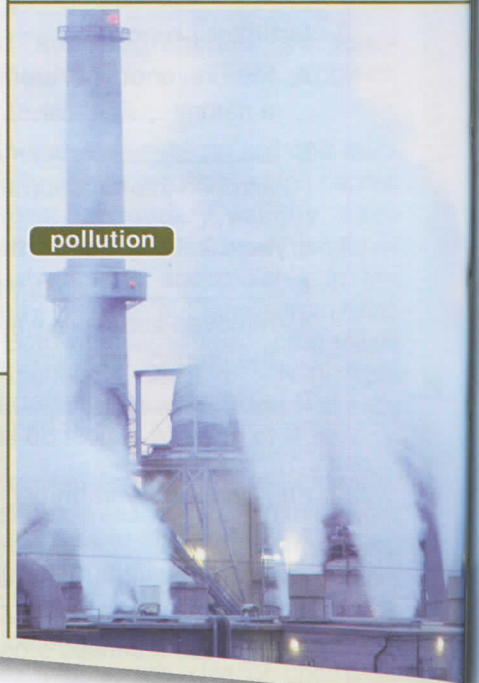
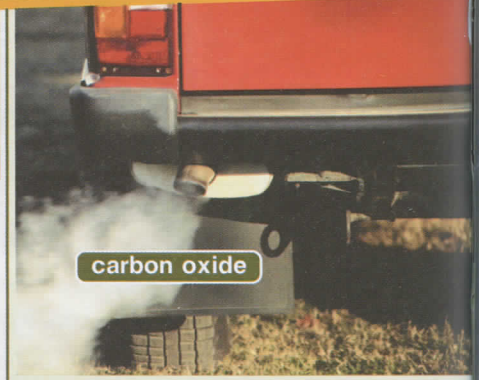
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) + 3.2%	Residents may notice irritation from increases.
Nitrous Oxide (N ₂ O) + 3.9%	These gases are likely to contribute to climate change.

Nitric Acid + 5.0% Increases may damage crops from acid deposition.

Sulfur Dioxide - 6.2% Levels are lower since the oil refinery closed this year.

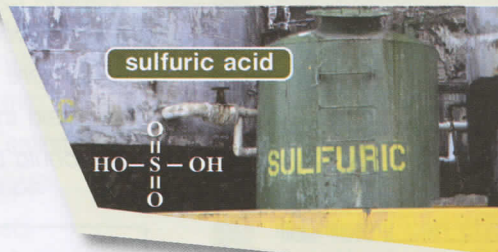
Sulfuric Acid - 4.3% Lower levels may reduce the risk of acid deposition.

Radioactive Radon + 0.01% Presence in homes was not significant.

**Get ready!**

1 Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.

- 1 What type of gas is emitted from motor vehicles?
- 2 What is one type of corrosive acid?

**Reading**

2 Read the report. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).

- 1 ___ The report shows that this year's air quality is worse than the previous year's air quality.
- 2 ___ Levels of some compounds decreased since the previous year.
- 3 ___ According to the report, radioactive radon is likely to cause serious health problems in the area.

Vocabulary

3 Match the words (1-7) with the definitions (A-G).

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 ___ particulate | 5 ___ radioactive radon |
| 2 ___ air pollution | 6 ___ primary pollutant |
| 3 ___ sulfur dioxide | 7 ___ secondary pollutant |
| 4 ___ volatile organic compound | |

- A a harmful chemical that is formed by the reaction of other chemicals
 B a small solid or liquid substance in the air
 C materials in the air that are harmful to organisms
 D a gas that leaks into buildings from rocks or soil
 E a harmful chemical that is produced directly by human activities or natural forces
 F a compound that contains sulfur and oxygen
 G a harmful gas in the air that causes irritation when inhaled

4 Read the sentence pairs. Choose where the words best fit the blanks.

1 carbon oxide / sulfuric acid

A A type of _____ is largely responsible for global temperature increases.

B _____ contributes to acid deposition.

2 nitric acid / nitrogen oxide

A _____ contains nitrogen, oxygen, and hydrogen.

B _____ contains only nitrogen and oxygen.

5 Listen and read the report again. What effect might particulates in the air have on people?

Listening

6 Listen to a conversation between two scientists. Choose the correct answers.

1 What is the main idea of the conversation?

A how to test air pollution in a particular region

B the results of a new air quality report

C which cities have the lowest levels of harmful compounds

D the consequences of opening a new oil refinery

2 According to the man, what caused an increase in air pollution?

A an oil refinery C acid deposition

B driving habits D radioactive radon

7 Listen again and complete the conversation.

Scientist 1: What about carbon oxides and 1 _____?

Scientist 2: They all went up. 2 _____ was especially high.

Scientist 1: Wow. It must just be the 3 _____. But I'm still surprised.

Scientist 2: Well, I think it makes sense. A lot of people live outside of town now. 4 _____, and they're spending more time in traffic.

Scientist 1: I guess you're right. What did the report say about 5 _____?

Scientist 2: Fortunately, 6 _____ leaks were reported. Overall occurrences barely went up at all.

Speaking

8 With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then switch roles.

USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:

The results are ...

I figured that ...

What made you think ...?

Student A: You are a scientist.

Talk to Student B about:

- an air quality report
- good news about air pollution levels
- bad news about air pollution levels

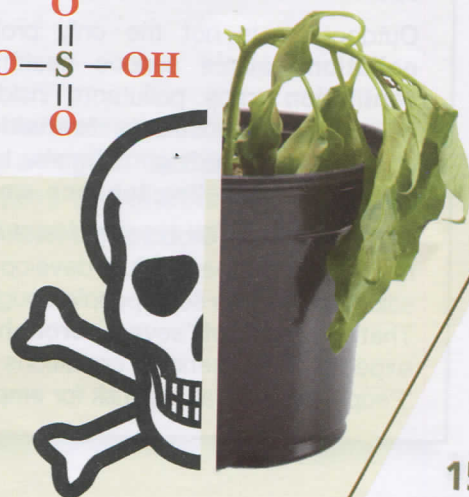
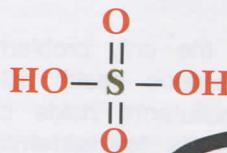
Student B: You are a scientist.

Talk to Student A about an air quality report.

Writing

9 Use the report and the conversation from Task 8 to write a summary of an air quality report. Include: the changes in levels of two substances, the causes of the changes, and the likely effects of the changes.

Sulfuric acid



Carbon Dioxide **CO₂**